

M119 Chapter 2 Review (rev 9/09)

- State the definition of the derivative and use the definition to find the derivative of $f(x) = 2x^2 - 5x + 3$
- Find the derivative at the point when $x = 1$, and explain the meaning of this number.
 $f(x) = 4x^2 - x$
- Find the slope of the line tangent to the graph of $f(x) = \frac{x-2}{x^2-1}$ at $x = -2$
- Find the equation of the line which is tangent to the graph of $f(x) = \sqrt{2x+9}$ at $x = 0$
- What is the rate of change of $f(t)$ with respect to t when $t = 1$ if $f(t) = t^2 + \frac{3}{t} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{t}}$
- Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$. Express answer as a function of x only. $y = \frac{1}{2}u^2 + 2u^3; u = 1 - 3x$
- Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ for the given value of x . $y = \frac{4}{3}u^3 - 5u^2 + 3u; u = 2x^2 - 3x; x = 1$
- Differentiate: $f(x) = \sqrt{x^3 - 2x + 1}$
- Find the point(s) on the curve where the derivative is zero: $f(x) = \left(\frac{x}{x+1}\right)^2$
- Differentiate and simplify: $y = \frac{(x+2)^4}{(2-x)^3}$
- Find the third derivative of $f(x) = 3x^2 + 4x + 5 - \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \sqrt{x}$
- A manufacturer estimates that the cost of manufacturing x units of a particular product will be $C(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2 + 4x + 66$ dollars.
 - Find the marginal cost.
 - Use marginal cost to estimate the cost of the 26th unit.
 - What is the actual cost of producing the 26th unit?

13. It is projected that t months from now, the population of a certain town will be $P(t) = 3t + 5\sqrt{t^3} + 6000$. At what percentage rate will the population be changing with respect to time 4 months from now?
14. Suppose the weight in grams of a cancerous tumor at time t is $W(t) = 0.1t^2$, where t is measured in weeks.
- What is the rate of growth of the tumor after 5 weeks?
 - At what time is the tumor growing at the rate of 5 grams per week?
15. A manufacturer's total monthly revenue is $R(q) = 300q + 0.03q^2$ dollars when q units are produced during the month. Currently the manufacturer is producing 70 units a month and is planning to decrease the monthly output by 0.75 unit. Estimate how the total monthly revenue will change as a result.
16. The Gross Revenue of a company was $G(x) = 2x^2 + 12x + 3$ million dollars x years after 1992. Use calculus to estimate the percentage change in the Gross Revenue during the 1st quarter of 1995.
17. When a certain commodity is sold for p dollars per unit, consumers will buy $D(p) = \frac{40,000}{p}$ units per month. It is estimate that t months from now, the price of the commodity will be $p(t) = 0.4\sqrt{t^3} + 6.8$ dollars per unit. At what rate will the monthly demand for the commodity be changing with respect to time 4 months from now?
18. An efficiency study of the morning shift at a certain factory indicates that an average worker arriving on the job at 8:00 a.m. will have produced $Q(t) = -t^3 + 9t^2 + 12t$ units t hours later.
- Compute the worker's rate of production at 10:00 a.m.
 - At what rate is the worker's rate of production changing with respect to time at 10:00 a.m.?

Solutions

- $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}; f'(x) = 4x - 5$
- $f'(x) = 8x - 1; f'(1) = 7$ is the slope of the line tangent to the graph at (1,3)
- $f'(x) = \frac{-x^2 + 4x - 1}{(x^2 - 1)^2} = \frac{-13}{9}$
- $f'(x) = \frac{1}{2}(2x+9)^{-1/2} \cdot 2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2x+9}}; f'(0) = \frac{1}{3}; f(0) = 3; y = \frac{1}{3}x + 3$
- $f'(t) = 2t - 3t^{-2} + \frac{1}{2}t^{-3/2} = 2t - \frac{3}{t^2} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{t^3}}; f'(1) = -\frac{1}{2}$
- $-3(1-3x) - 18(1-3x)^2$ or $-3(1-3x)(7-18x)$
- $dy/dx = 4(2x^2 - 3x)^2(4x-3) - 10(2x^2 - 3x)(4x-3) + 3(4x-3); f'(1) = 17$
- $f'(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x^3 - 2x + 1)^{-1/2}(3x^2 - 2) = \frac{3x^2 - 2}{2\sqrt{x^3 - 2x + 1}}$
- $f'(x) = 2\left(\frac{x}{x+1}\right)\left(\frac{1(x+1) - 1(x)}{(x+1)^2}\right) = \frac{2x}{(x+1)^3}; \frac{2x}{(x+1)^3} = 0 \Rightarrow x = 0; (0,0)$
- $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{4(x+2)^3 \cdot 1 \cdot (2-x)^3 - 3(2-x)^2(-1) \cdot (x+2)^4}{((2-x)^3)^2} = \frac{(x+2)^3(14-x)}{(2-x)^4}$
- $f'''(x) = \frac{28}{27\sqrt[3]{x^{10}}} + \frac{3}{8\sqrt{x^5}}$
- a) $C'(x) = x + 4$ b) \$29 c) $C(26) - C(25) = \$29.50$
- $\frac{P'(4)}{P(4)} * 100\% = \frac{18}{6052} * 100\% = 0.297\% / \text{month}$
- a) 1 gram/week b) 25 weeks
- $\Delta R = R'(70) \cdot (-.75) = (300 + .06 \cdot 70) \cdot (-.75) = 228.15$ decrease by \$228.15
- $\frac{.25 \times G'(3)}{G(3)} \times 100\% = \frac{6}{57} \times 100\% = 10.53\%$
- $D'(t) = -40000(.4t^{3/2} + 6.8)^{-2}(0.6\sqrt{t});$ so decrease at rate of 480 units/month
- a) $Q'(2) = 36$ units/hour b) $Q''(2) 6$ units/hour/hour